BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

1. Scope of Application and Capital Adequacy

Qualitative Disclosures:

First Abu Dhabi Bank PJSC - India Branch ('the Bank') operates in India as a branch of First Abu Dhabi Bank PJSC, a banking entity incorporated and registered in Abu Dhabi.

Pursuant to the merger of the two Abu Dhabi-listed banks National Bank of Abu Dhabi PJSC (NBAD) and First Gulf Bank PJSC (FGB) with effective date of the merger being close of business of 30 March 2017, the combined bank retained NBAD's legal registrations and the brand name of "National Bank of Abu Dhabi".

With effect from 25 April 2017, National Bank of Abu Dhabi PJSC's name was changed to First Abu Dhabi Bank PJSC. The Bank had written to RBI for change of name under Schedule II to the RBI Act 1934 which got approved by RBI on 04 July 2017.

The Bank has only one branch in India as on March 31, 2021 located in Mumbai. The Bank does not have any subsidiaries in India nor any interest in Insurance Entities. Thus, the disclosures contained herein only pertain to the Bank.

a) List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / Country incorp- oration	Whether the entity is included under accounting scope of consolidation (yes / no)	Explain the method of consoli- dation	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidation (yes / no)	Explain the method of consolidation	for difference in the method of	Explain the reasons if consolidated under only one of the scopes of consolidation
			Not Ap	oplicable		

b) <u>List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and</u> <u>regulatory scope of consolidation</u>

entity/country	activity of	Total balance sheet equity (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity)	% of bank's holding in the total equity	investments in	Total balance sheet assets (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity)
		No	t Applicable		





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Quantitative Disclosures:

c) List of group entities considered for consolidation

6.0 Aug. 1	Principle activity of the entity	accounting balance	Total balance sheet asset (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity)
	No	ot Applicable	

d) The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries which are not included the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted:

Name of the subsidiaries / country of incorporation	activity of the	laccounting halance cheef	holding in the	Capital deficiencies
6-1187		Not Applicable		

e) The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the bank's total interests insurance entities, which are risk-weighted:

Name of the insurance entities country of incorporation	Principle activity of the entity	accounting	% of bank's holding in the total equity / proportion of voting power	Quantitative impact on regulatory capital of using risk weighting method versus using the full deduction method
		Not Appl	icable	

f) Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking roup:

There are no restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group.

2. Capital Adequacy

Qualitative Disclosures:

The CRAR of the Bank 39.68% as computed under Basel III norms, which is higher than the minimum regulatory CRAR requirement of 10.9%.



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The Bank's capital management approach is driven by the desire to maintain an appropriate capital base and to maintain an adequate buffer in support of its business development and to meet the regulatory capital requirements stipulated by the RBI at all times. Implications of major business decisions on the Bank's capital position are taken into account by the India Executive Committee (India EXCO) of the Bank and the FAB Group, prior to implementation, in order to preserve the Bank's overall capital requirements.

The Bank's capital requirements are drawn up annually in conjunction with the financial budgeting exercise and approved by the FAB Group for implementation at the beginning of each financial year. The capital requirements take into account, inter alia, the Bank's strategic objectives and business plans and regulatory capital requirements.

Quantitative Disclosures:

	Part	iculars	31 MARCH 2021
(a) Cap		ital requirements for credit risk :	3,880
	*	Portfolios subject to standardized approach	3,880
	*	Securitisation exposures	-
(c)	Cap	ital requirements for market risk :	
	*	Standardised duration approach;	1,344
		- Interest rate risk	1,233
		- Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	111
		- Equity risk	-
(d	Cap	ital requirements for operational risk :	297
	*	Basic Indicator Approach	297
(e)	Con	nmon Equity Tier 1 (CET1), Tier 1 and Total Capital ratios :	
	*	CET1 Capital ratio (%)	39.68%
	*	Tier 1 Capital ratio (%)	37.39%
	*	Total Capital ratio (%)	2.29%





BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

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3. General Disclosures

The B-EXCO shall be responsible for exercising adequate oversight over the branch's strategy implementation, business performance, budget management and risk management in line with direction set by FAB Group for the respective Branch. The India EXCO is assisted by two management committees, - the Branch Risk & Compliance Committee (B-RCC) and the Branch Asset Liability Committee (B-ALCO).

The Bank adopts the Group's three lines of defence risk management approach.

- The first line of defence is that all employees are required to ensure the effective management of risks within the scope of their direct organizational responsibilities.
- The second line of defence comprises the Risk Control Owners, supported by their respective control
 functions. Risk Control Owners are responsible for ensuring that the risks within the scope of their
 responsibilities remain within appetite. The second line is independent of the origination, trading and sales
 functions to ensure that the necessary balance and perspective is brought to risk/return decisions.
- The third line of defence comprises the independent assurance provided by the Group Internal Audit ("IA") function which has no responsibilities for any of the activities it examines. IA provides independent assurance of the effectiveness of management's control of its own business activities (first line) and of the processes maintained by the Risk Control Functions (the second line). As a result, IA provides assurance that the overall system of control effectiveness is working as required within the Risk Management Framework.

General Disclosures for Credit Risk

Qualitative Disclosures

FAB India follows the Group Credit Policy and has also developed an India Credit Policy Addendum which covers all stages of the credit life cycle, viz. origination, assessment and measurement, pricing, approval, commitment, administration, operations, monitoring, reporting, remedial management and portfolio management. It addresses all the businesses of the Bank where credit risk is presently being assumed, in any manner.

The Policy provides a set of policies to establish and maintain the following including, but not limited to:

- An appropriate credit risk environment,
- A sound credit granting process,
- An appropriate credit measurement, monitoring and reporting process, and
- Adequate controls over credit risk, in all business segments at, both, the individual credit and portfolio levels. It also seeks to establish a common quality standard for the management of credit risk.





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Risk rating system

The Bank uses an internal risk rating system to assess the credit quality of borrowers and counterparties. Each counterparty is assigned a rating, including classified accounts that are either watch list or non-performing. The risk rating system has 11 grades, further segregated into 23 notches. Grades 1-6- are performing, Grade 7-8 is Watch-list and Grades 9 - 11 are non-performing, each with a rating description.

The Group has implemented bespoke models and scorecards using its own data and expert judgment for:

- Borrower risk rating models for Corporate, SMEs, and High Net-Worth Individuals.
- Facility risk rating models for Project Finance and Real Estate.

Model performance and usage are monitored regularly by the Group and are reported to the Group senior management and risk committees. All models are subject to periodic in-depth reviews by the Group to ensure that they remain fit-for-use and appropriate to the underlying portfolio segment and geography

The output of each model and scorecard is mapped to an internal rating scale. Each grade in the rating system is linked to a Probability of Default (PD) estimated using the Group default experience supplemented by data from external sources.

Sovereign and bank exposures are governed by the ratings from external credit rating agencies.

Risk Monitoring

The Bank regularly monitors its credit risk in respect of all its portfolios at various levels. At the obligor level, the Bank has a process of periodic review of credit based on the internal rating grades. More frequent reviews are made for the weaker credits and less frequent reviews for the superior credits. The Bank conducts full reviews and renewals of all performing credits at least annually. Obligors with lower risk profile are monitored at lower frequency by business units, unless otherwise required, to evaluate the potential changes in credit worthiness and related impact on risk rating based on latest available financial and other relevant information. More frequent and focused monitoring for lower rated borrowers ensures early identification of potential impairments, if any.

The classification and impairment policy currently implemented by the Group classifies delinquent borrowers as Substandard, Doubtful or Loss in line with the guidelines laid down in the Central Bank of United Arab Emirates' (CBUAE) circular 28/2010. The Bank in India will comply with the Group policy as well as the RBI's Master Circular - Prudential Norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances dated 01 July 2015. Currently there are no non-performing exposures

In assessing the collective loss allowance, the Bank uses the charge of 0.4% (and other specified rates) of standard assets and credit equivalent of FX and derivative exposure as stipulated in the above RBI circular.

Watch-listed accounts are also monitored and reported to senior management. This category comprises accounts where either contractual principal or interest is past due or when the accounts show weakness in the borrower's financial position and creditworthiness and requires more than normal attention. Such weakness is specifically monitored to ensure that the quality of the asset does not further deteriorate. Currently there are no Watch-listed accounts.

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The Bank monitors all excesses over limits. The monitoring reports are available to senior management and processes are initiated to realize and regularize such excesses, where outstanding.

The Bank monitors the existing portfolio based on country, industry and ratings. These portfolio reports are prepared periodically and tabled for review by senior management. FAB India's exposure to a particular industry / sector would be limited to a maximum of 20% of total advances with exceptions if any to be suitably ratified by India EXCO.

Quantitative Disclosures

a. Credit Exposures

Particulars	31 March 2021
Fund Based	32,973
Non Fund Based	21,554

The Fund based exposures represents Nostro Balances, Deposits with QCCP and sanction limits for advances. Non fund based exposures represents Guarantees and credit equivalent of Foreign exchange contracts.

b. Geographic distribution of exposures

The Bank does not have overseas operations and hence exposures are restricted to the domestic segment





BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

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c. Industry type distribution of exposures (INR MN)

Industry type	Fund based	NFB	Total
Bank	540	9,184	9,724
QCCP	429	2,921	3,350
Generation of Electricity	1,330	-	1,330
Mfg of Basic Iron and Steel	-	187	187
Real Estate Activities	4,000	-	4,000
Other Computer Related Activities	3,250	-	3,250
NBFCs- general purpose loans	12	2,323	2,323
Mfg of Refined Pretroleum Products	-	191	191
Basic Telecom Services	-	131	131
Mfg of Basic Chemicals except Fertilisers	2,850	-	2,850
NBFCs- for small & micro enterprises	-	992	992
Mfg of Fertilisers etc	6,000	-	6,000
Mfg of Cement, Lime and Plaster	1,500	4	1,500
Mfg of Basic Non-ferrous Metals	2,000	-	2,000
General Constructions	-	418	418
Construction/Maintenance of Roads	-	1,400	1,400
Construction/Erection of Power Lines etc	1,750	2,100	3,850
Mfg of Coke/Coke Oven Products	3,000	-	3,000
Sale of Motor Vehicles (Wholesale/Retail)	1,500	-	1,500
NBFCs- in the housing sector	2	1,512	1,512
Other Wholesale Trades	80	-	80
Mfg of Other Chemical Products	195	195	390
Mfg of Sugar Products	3,000	-	3,000
Supporting Services to Water Transport	300	-	300
Inland Water Transport	1,000	-	1,000
Generation & Distribution of Solar Energy etc	250	-	250
Total Funded and Non funded exposure	32,973	21,554	54,527





BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

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d. Residual contractual maturity breakdown of total assets

Buckets	31-Mar-21
1 day	721
2 to 7 days	238
8 to 14 days	53
15 to 28 days	696
29 days and upto 3 months	2,261
Over 3 months and upto 6 months	1,948
Over 6 months and upto 1 year	1,000
Over 1 year and upto 3 years	19,009
Over 3 year and upto 5 years	44,265
Over 5 years	10,080
Total	80,271

e. Amount of NPA

The Bank did not have any NPA during the year and hence this disclosure is not applicable

f. Net NPAs

The Bank did not have any NPA during the year and hence this disclosure is not applicable

g. NPA ratios

The Bank did not have any NPA during the year and hence this disclosure is not applicable

h. Movement of NPAs (Gross)

The Bank did not have any NPA during the year and hence this disclosure is not applicable

i. Movement of provisions

The Bank did not have any NPA during the year and hence disclosure is not applicable for specific provisions. The movement for general provisions (Standard Assets, Country Risk and UFCE) during the year is as under:

Opening Balance	187.51
Provisions made during the year	41.95
(Write-offs) / (write back) of excess provisions	(27.22)
Closing Balance	202.24





BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021 (CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

j. Amount of Non-Performing Investments (NPI)

The Bank did not have any NPI during the year and hence this disclosure is not applicable

k. Amount of provisions held for NPI

The Bank did not have any NPI during the year and hence this disclosure is not applicable

l. Movement of provisions for depreciations on investments

Opening Balance	-
Provisions made during the year	72.05
(Write-offs) / (write back) of excess provisions	-
Closing Balance	72.05

4. Disclosures for Portfolios Subject to the Standardized Approach

Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank uses the External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAI) approved by the RBI to calculate its capital adequacy for sovereigns, banks, and corporate counterparties. For all exposures to domestic corporates, ratings by the following ECAIs are to be considered in line with 5.8 of RBI's Master Circular on Basel III Capital Regulations dated 01 July, 2015 - Brickwork Ratings India Pvt Ltd; Credit Analysis and Research Ltd; CRISIL Ltd; India Ratings and Research Ltd; ICRA Ltd; SMERA Ratings Ltd.

Claims on Indian banks and Indian branches of foreign banks will be risk weighted in line with the RBI's Master Circular on Basel III Capital Regulations dated 01 July, 2015 based on the CET1 and applicable CCB ratio levels set out.

Ratings from Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poor's are considered for risk weights for claims on foreign sovereigns, foreign public sector entities and foreign banks as set out in the RBI Master Circular.

The use of the ratings and mapping process will be in line with the RBI Master Circular.

Quantitative Disclosures

Bank's outstanding (rated and unrated) in the three major risk buckets as well as those that are deducted are as under:

Particulars	31 March 2021
Below 100% risk weight	5,261
100% risk weight	1,890
More than 100% risk weight	23,353
Deduction	154

^{*} Deduction represents DTA which has deducted from CET 1 Capital





BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

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5. Credit Risk Mitigation : Disclosures for Standardized Approaches

Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank has accepted below collateral as credit risk mitigation for the borrower's as on 31 March 2021. The types of collateral considered by the Bank are provided below, which will be accepted based on Legal advice and approval – cash; fixed deposit receipts issued by the Branch; debt securities; marketable securities including mutual fund units, equity shares; corporate guarantees; trade and other receivables; commercial real estate; other tangible assets such as, commodities, vehicles, plant and machinery, merchandise, goods, inventory, and stock; life insurance policies with a declared surrender value of an insurance company which is regulated by an insurance sector regulator; credit insurance / guarantees; standby letters of credit etc.

Customer Name	Security Description
Emaar India Limited	Corporate Guarantee from Emaar Properties PJSC
Shree Renuka Sugars Ltd	Corporate Guarantee from Wilmar International Ltd
Nuvoco Vistas Corporation Limited	First pari-passu charge on fixed assets of the company (both present and future) with security cover of 1.05x on book value + 1.25x on market value
TV Sundram Iyengar And Sons Limited	First Pari Passu charge on land and building with security cover of 1.25x on market value.
India Gateway Terminal Private Limited	Corporate Guarantee from DP World PLC
Container Railroad Services Private Limited	Corporate Guarantee from DP World PLC
Reda Chemicals India Private Limited	Corporate Guarantee from Reda Industrial Materials FZE and first pari passu charge on inventory, book debts and movable fixed assets (both present and future) of the company.
Astra Specialty Compounds India Private Limited	Corporate Guarantee from Astra Industrial Group Company
KRIBHCO Fertilizers Limited	Corporate Guarantee from Krishak Bharti Cooperative Ltd and First pari passu charge on the entire fixed, immoveable and moveable fixed assets, present and future (1.25x cover)

Quantitative Disclosures

For credit risk portfolio under the standardized approach, the Bank had extended guarantee to Indian corporate obligor on the basis of counter guarantee from Bank's parent totaling to INR 5,099 million.

6. Securitisation Exposures : Disclosure for Standardised Approach

The Bank has not undertaken any securitisation and hence this disclosure is not applicable.





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7. Market Risk in Trading Book

Qualitative Disclosures

Market risk is the risk that the Bank's income and / or value of its financial instruments will fluctuate adversely because of changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and equity, commodity and option prices.

Market Risk at the Group is managed as per the Group Market Risk Policy Framework, which includes specific guidelines on roles and responsibilities for management of Market Risk, its Governance Structure, Market Risk appetite statement and the limit structure. It specifies the way market risk is identified, measured, monitored, controlled and reported.

The Bank monitors market risk sensitivity (DV01), net open position and Value-at-Risk (VaR) using historical simulation based on a 99% confidence level and assumes a 1-day holding period using market data from the previous two years.

The Bank segregates all its positions in either the Trading Book or Banking Book.

Quantitative Disclosures

Part	ticulars	31 MARCH 2021
Cap	oital requirements for market risk :	1,344
*	Standardised duration approach;	
	- Interest rate risk	1,233
	- Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	111
	- Equity risk	-





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8. Operational Risk Mitigation

Operational risk is identified as the risk of losses (direct, indirect & near misses) resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, human behavior, systems, or from external events.

The Bank has adopted the Group Operational Risk framework consisting of policies and procedures to assess risks (i.e. to identify, assess, monitor, control, report) and to manage incidents (i.e. to notify, identify and rectify incidents). The Operational Risk framework also provides the interrelation with other risk categories. Where appropriate, risk is mitigated by way of insurance.

The primary responsibility to ensure that risks are managed and monitored resides with the businesses, as the 'first line of defence'. The businesses are supported by the risk function as the 'second line of defence' to ensure robust risk management. Further, reviews are to be conducted by Group Internal Audit as the 'third line of defence'.

Key components of the FAB Operational Risk framework and policies include:

- Conduct of risk and control assessments (RCSA) and incorporation of action plans for any gaps as well as the development of a risk profile
- Monitoring of risks by regularly measuring key risk indicators (KRI)
- Reporting and managing operational risk incidents on a timely basis including any mitigating measures

Incidents are recorded in the Incident Management Module in Archer, which is managed by Group Operational Risk Management (GORM).

9. Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)

Qualitative Disclosures

The Banking Book exposure is defined as all other exposures that are not defined as Trading Book positions. This includes both on and off-balance sheet positions. Financial instruments held under the Banking Book are considered as investment positions.

The Banking Book operations generate non-traded market risk primarily through interest rate risk arising from the sensitivity of the value of financial instruments and the net interest margin to changes in interest rates. The Bank manages this risk principally through monitoring interest rate gaps and by matching the repricing profile of assets and liabilities.

Earning at Risk and Market Value of Equity computations are carried out and tabled at the ALCO meetings. Limits for MVE has been implemented to facilitate monitoring.





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Quantitative Disclosures

The impact on market value of equity for a 200 basis upward move (in `000's) as at 31st March 2021 is decline in value of Rs. 819.76 millions.

EaR is the loss of income under different interest rate scenarios over a time horizon of one year i.e. loss in income due to change in interest rates at the time of maturity / re-pricing of assets and liabilities within one year. The impact is detailed below:

EaR for 1 year horizon under different Interest Rate scenarios:	Amount in Rs. Millions
-300bps	1,096
-200bps	731
-100bps	365
+100bps	(365)
+200bps	(731)
+300bps	(1,096)

10. General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank follows the Current Exposure Method (CEM) of computation of counter-party credit exposure set out in RBI's Master Circular on Basel III Capital Regulations dated 01 July 2015. The CEM requires the aggregation of the potential future exposure using the product/tenor wise credit conversion factors and positive MTM to arrive at the exposure at default. Customer exposure limits are set using the counter-party credit risk process and approval authorities.

It is the Bank's preference to execute Credit Support Annexes (CSAs) and there are detailed policies regarding the requirement of CSAs and management of collateral.

The Group has established a process for managing CVA. The Group calculates CVA using the add-on methodology at a transaction level and at the counter-party level. The CVA is effected at the FAB Group level. In case of larger value transactions, the CVA is accounted at the transaction level.

The impact of wrong-way risk is considered while approving counter-party limits/transactions.





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Quantitative Disclosures

Particulars	31 March 2021
Gross positive fair value of contracts	3,821
Netting benefits	-
Netted current credit exposure	3,821
Collateral held	-
Net derivatives credit exposure	3,821
Potential Future Exposure (PFE)	13,910
Measures for exposure at default, or exposure amount, under CEM	17,731
Notional value of credit derivative hedges	-
Distribution of current credit exposure by types of credit exposure	-
Current credit exposure – Interest Rates	1,035
Current credit exposure – Forex	2,786

Equities – Disclosure for Banking Book Positions

The Bank has not invested in any equity and hence this disclosure is not applicable.





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11. Composition of Capital as at 31 March 2021

Table DF-11 : Compositi	on of Capital	nove!		
			(Rs. in	n millio
Basel III common disclosure template to be used fro	om March 31, 20	018	Amounts Subject to Pre Basel III Treatment	Ref N
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves				
1 Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus relat- surplus (share premium)	ed stock	20,126	20,126	A
2 Retained earnings		889	889	В
3 Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other rese	rves)	-	-	
4 Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (onl to non-joint stock companies)	y applicabl		-	
Public sector capital injections grandfathered until January	1, 2018	-	-	
5 Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by (amount allowed in group CET1)	hird partic	-	-	
6 Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustmen	its	21,015	21,015	
ommon Equity Tier 1 capital : regulatory adjustments	TO STORY			
7 Prudential valuation adjustments				-
8 Goodwill (net of related tax liability)				
9 Intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of rel liability)	ated tax			
10 Deferred tax assets				
11 Cash-flow hedge reserve				
12 Shortfall of provisions to expected losses				
13 Securitisation gain on sale				
14 Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair v liabilities	alued			
15 Defined-benefit pension fund net assets				
16 Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-ureported balance sheet)	p capital o			
17 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity				ndissi
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurar that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10 issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	of eligible	TO THE		
19 Significant investments in the common stock of banking, fi insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above threshold)			ARU DHAE	BANA

BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

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20 Mortgage servicir	ng rights4(amount above 10% threshold)			
- 200 for the figure of the first for the first of the first for the fir	ts arising from temporary differences ⁵ (amount above et of related tax liability)	154	154	С
22 Amount exceeding	g the 15% threshold			
23 of which : signific entities	ant investments in the common stock of financial			
24 of which : mortga	ge servicing rights			
25 of which : deferre	d tax assets arising from temporary differences			
26 National specific	regulatory adjustments ^z (26a+26b+26c+26d)			
26a of which : Investr insurance subsidi	nents in the equity capital of the unconsolidated aries			
26l of which : Investr financial subsidia	nents in the equity capital of unconsolidated non- ries			
	all in the equity capital of majority owned financial we not been consolidated with the bank ²			
26c of which: Unamo	ortised pension funds expenditures			
the state of the s	stments Applied to Common Equity Tier 1 in respect ect to Pre-Basel III Treatment			
of which:				
of which:				
of which:				
그는 이번 이번 개를 다 하는 아무리는 이 얼마를 하는데 하는데 하는데 되었다. 얼마를 하고 있다.	tments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to tional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions			
28 Total regulatory	adjustments to Common Equity Tier 1	154	154	
29 Common Equity	Tier 1 capital (CET1)	20,861	20,861	
Additional Tier 1 cap	ital : instruments			
30 Directly issued q stock surplus (31	ualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related +32)		3	
•	ed as equity under applicable accounting standards Cumulative Preference Shares)			
	ed as liabilities under applicable accounting tual debt Instruments)			
33 Directly issued ca Additional Tier 1	apital instruments subject to phase out from			
	instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount AT1)			
35 of which : instrur	ments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out			
36 Additional Tier	1 capital before regulatory adjustments		1100	
TABLE DATE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO PERSONS ASSESSMENT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO PERSONS ASSESSMENT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO PERSONS ASSESSMENT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO PERSONS ASSESSMENT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO PERSONS ASSESSMENT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN TWO PERSON NAMED IN COLU	- uprim sororo regulatory anjuoumento	And the second second	PHAPI	-
Additional Tier 1 cap	ital : regulatory adjustments		ARU BHARI	TONA

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BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

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20				
	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments			
	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)			
	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) ¹⁰			
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b)			
	Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries		1000	
	Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank	10.40		
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Additional Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment			
	of which:			
	of which:			
	of which:			
	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficie: Tier 2 to cover deductions			
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital		70000	
44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)			
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44)	20,861	20,861	
Tier	2 capital : instruments and provisions			
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surph			
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2			
	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amoun allowed in group Tier 2)			
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out			
	Provisions (Including: Investment fluctuation reserve, Standard Asset , UFCE, Large borrowers and Country Risk Provision)	1,279	1,279	D
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	1,279	1,279	
	Tier 2 capital : regulatory adjustments			
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	-	_	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	-	-	l service
	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the	-	A NEW D	HABI R



BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)			
55 Significant investments ¹³ in the capital banking, financial and insura entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)			
56 National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b)			
56a of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries			
of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank			
Regulatory Adjustments Applied To Tier 2 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment			
of which:			
of which:		710-720-8972	
57 Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital			
58 Tier 2 capital (T2)	1,279	1,279	
59 Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58)	22,140	22,140	
Risk Weighted Assets in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment			
of which:			
60 Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	55,791	55,791	
60a of which: total credit risk weighted assets	37,561	37,561	
60t of which: total market risk weighted assets	14,932	14,932	
600 of which: total operational risk weighted assets	3,298	3,298	
Capital ratios			
61 Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	37.39%	37.39%	19701
62 Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	37.39%	37.39%	
63 Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	39.68%	39.68%	
64 Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	t 10.88%	10.88%	
65 of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	1.875%	1.875%	
66 of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	-	-	
67 of which : G-SIB buffer requirement	-	-	
68 Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	28.80%	28.80%	
National minima (if different from Basel III)			
69 National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Ba III minimum)	as 5.5%	5.5%	ABUE
70 National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	7%	7% /	1



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BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	9%	9%	
Amo	ounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)			
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities			
73	Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities			
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)			
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)			
App	licable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2			
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	1,279	1,279	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach			
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap			
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach			
	ital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable b 017 and March 31, 2022)	oetween March		
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	NA	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	NA	
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	NA	***************************************
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	NA	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	NA	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	NA	1904
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BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

	ne above template	
Row No. c the template	Particular	(Rs.in million)
10	Deferred tax assets associated with accumulated losses	-
	Deferred tax assets (excluding those associated with accumulated losses) net of Deferred tax liability	154
	Total as indicated in row 10	154
19	If investments in insurance subsidiaries are not deducted fully from capital and instead considered under 10% threshold for deduction, the resultant increase in the capital of bank	-
	of which : Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	-
	of which : Increase in Additional Tier 1 capital	-
	of which : Increase in Tier 2 capital	-
26b	If investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries are not deducted and hence, risk weighted then:	-
	(i) Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	-
	(ii) Increase in risk weighted assets	2
50	Eligible Provisions included in Tier 2 capital	1,279
	Eligible Revaluation Reserves included in Tier 2 capital	-
	Total of row 50	1,279





BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

12. Composition of Capital - Reconciliation Requirements

			(Rs. in millio
	Step 1	Balance sheet as is financial statemen	Balance sheet unde regulatory scope of consolidation
		As on 31 March 202	As on 31 March 202
Capi	tal & Liabilities		
i.	Paid-up Capital	20,126	20,126
	Reserves & Surplus	3,469	3,469
	Minority Interest		·-
	Total Capital	23,595	23,595
ii.	Deposits		
	of which : Deposits from banks		
	of which: Customer deposits	4,090	4,090
	of which : Other deposits (pl. specify)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
iii.	Borrowings		
	of which : From RBI		
	of which : From banks		
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	46,605	46,605
	of which : Others (pl. specify)		
	of which: Capital instruments		7 - 27 / 6
iv.	Other liabilities & provisions	5981	5981
Tota	l Liabilities	80,271	80,271
Asse	ts		
i.	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	369	369
	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	503	503
ii.	Investments:	53,794	53,794
	of which : Government securities	53,794	53,794
	of which: Other approved securities		
	of which : Shares		
	of which : Debentures & Bonds		
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates		NATIONAL DESIGNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
	of which: Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual Funds etc.)		
iii.	Loans and advances	18,525	18,525

BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

Asse	ets	80,271	80,271
vii.	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account		
vi.	Goodwill on consolidation		
	of which : Deferred tax assets	154	154
	of which : Goodwill and intangible assets		
v.	Other assets	7056	7056
iv.	Fixed assets	24	24
	of which : Loans and advances to customers	18,525	18,525
	of which : Loans and advances to banks		

			(Rs. in millior	
	Step 2	Balance sheet a in financial statements	Balance sheet und regulatory scope c consolidation	Ref. No DF 1
		As on 31 March 2021	As on 31 March 2021	
Cap	ital & Liabilities			
i.	Paid-up Capital			*****
	of which : Amount eligible for CET1	20,126	20,126	A
	of which : Amount eligible for AT1	-	-	
	Reserves & Surplus	3,469	3,469	
	of which : Statutory Reserve	890	890	В
	of which: Investment Fluctuation Reserve	1,077	1,077	
	of which : Balance in profit & loss account	1,502	1,502	
	Minority Interest			***************************************
	Total Capital	23,595	23,595	
ii.	Deposits	4,090	4,090	CO. STORY
	of which : Deposits from banks			
	of which : Customer deposits	4,090	4,090	
	of which : Other deposits (pl. specify)			
iii.	Borrowings	46,605	46,605	
	of which : From RBI			
	of which : From banks	-	-	
	of which : From other institutions & agencies	46,605	46,605	
	of which : Others (pl. specify)	-	-	
	of which : Capital instruments	_	-	BUD
iv.	Other liabilities & provisions	5,981	5,981	5

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BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

	of which: Standard asset provision & Large borrowers &	202	202	D
1	UFCE & Country Risk		market and the second	
╀-	Total Liabilities	80,271	80,271	
Asse				
i.		369	369	
	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	503	503	
ii.	Investments:	53,794	53,794	
	of which : Government securities	53,794	53,794	
	of which : Other approved securities			
	of which : Shares			
	of which : Debentures & Bonds			
	of which : Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates			
	of which : Others (Commercial Papers, CDs etc.)			
iii.	Loans and advances	18,525	18,525	
	of which : Loans and advances to banks	0		
	of which : Loans and advances to customers	18,525	18,525	V
iv.	Fixed assets	24	24	
v.	Other assets	7056	7056	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets			
	Out of which:			
	Goodwill			
1	Other intangibles (excluding MSRs)			
	Deferred tax assets	154	154	
vi.	Goodwill on consolidation			
vii.	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account			
tal Assets		80,271	80,271	

13. Main Features Template

As of 31 March 2021, there were no regulatory capital instruments issued by the Bank.

14. Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments

As of 31 March 2021, there were no regulatory capital instruments issued by the Bank.





BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

15. Disclosure Requirements for Remuneration

The Bank's compensation policies including that of CEO's, is in conformity with the Financial Stability Board principles and standards. In accordance with the requirements of the RBI Circular No. DBOD No.BC.72/29.67/001/2011-12 dated 13 January 2012, the Regional Office of the Bank has submitted a declaration to RBI confirming the aforesaid matter. Accordingly no disclosure is required to be made in this regard.

16. Equities - Disclosure for Banking Book Positions

The Bank has not invested in any equity and hence this disclosure is not applicable.

17. Leverage Ratio Disclosures

Table DF 17 - Summary comparison of accounting assets vs. leverage ratio exposure measure				
	Item	(Rs. in Million)		
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	80,271		
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-		
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognized on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	-		
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	13,910		
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	-		
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	5,214		
7	Other adjustments	(154)		
8	Leverage ratio exposure	99,241		





BASEL III: PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

(CURRENCY: INDIAN RUPEES IN MILLIONS)

Common disclosure template and explanatory table, reconciliation and other requirements

	Table DF-18: Leverage ratio common disclosure template	
	Item	Leverage ratio (Re in million)
	On-balance sheet exposures	
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)	76,450
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital)	(154)
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs)	76,296
	Derivative exposures	
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)	3,821
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions	13,910
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balant sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	_
7	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	-
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	-
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	-
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)	_
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)	17,731
	Securities financing transaction exposures	
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	
15	Agent transaction exposures	
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)	
	Other off-balance sheet exposures	
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	19,177
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(13,963)
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)	5,214
	Capital and total exposures	
20	Tier 1 capital	20,861
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)	99,241
	Leverage ratio	
22	Basel III leverage ratio	21.02%

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